

Name:

Class:

WORKSHEET

21.1 Sexually transmitted infections

1 Rule lines to match the causative agent in List A with the sexually transmitted infection in List B.

List A – causative agent	List B – sexually transmitted infection
<i>Herpes simplex</i> Type 2	Syphilis
Human immunodeficiency virus	Chlamydia
Trichomonas vaginalis	Genital warts
Sarcoptes scabei	Pubic lice
Treponema pallidum	Gonorrhoea
Human papillomavirus	Genital herpes
Phthirus pubis	Trichomoniasis
Chlamydia trachomatis	Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
Neisseria gonorrhoea	Scabies

- 2 Describe what occurs during each of the following stages of a syphilis infection.
 - Primary stage
 - Secondary stage
 - Latent stage
 - Tertiary stage



3 Explain why it is possible to treat syphilis and gonorrhoea with antibiotics, but HIV infection does not respond to antibiotic treatment.